

What is claimed:

1. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device comprising
a first thin, generally flat disc member having a top and a bottom face surface and an outer peripheral edge, a generally centrally disposed pin extending downwardly from the bottom surface and a window formed through the disc member between the top and bottom face surfaces adjacent to the outer peripheral edge,
a second thin, generally flat disc member having a top and a bottom face surface and an outer peripheral edge and having a pin receiving aperture, the pin received through the pin receiving aperture for relative rotation of the first and second disc members with the top face surface of the second disc member facing the bottom face surface of the first disc member, and
stroke indicating indicia arranged on the top surface of the second disc member adjacent to the outer peripheral edge and selectively alignable with the window of the first disc member.
2. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 1 in which the first and second disc members are generally circular.
3. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 in which the bottom surface of the second disc member has a ground traction surface configuration.
4. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 3 in which the ground traction surface configuration comprises spaced apart knobs extending downwardly from the bottom surface of the second disc member.
5. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 4 in which the knobs are pointed.

6. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 4 in which the knobs are rounded.

7. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 3 in which the ground traction surface configuration is knurled.

8. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 further comprising an annular recess formed in one of the bottom face surface of the first disc member and the top face surface of the second disc member in alignment with the indicia to provide clearance between the indicia and the facing disc member.

9. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 8 in which the annular recess is formed in the bottom surface of the first disc member.

10. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 1 in which the pin and the pin receiving aperture are formed to provide an interference fit.

11. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 in which the top face surface of the second disc member has a diameter slightly less than the diameter of the bottom face surface of the first disc member.

12. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 11 in which the outer peripheral edge of the second disc member is tapered with the diameter of the second disc member decreasing relative to a direction going from the top face surface to the bottom face surface thereof.

202502130-030500

13. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 in which an annular recess is formed in the bottom surface of the first disc member aligned with the window, the recess being sufficiently wide as to extend beyond the top and bottom of the idicia on the second disc member when the second disc member is assembled onto the first disc member and the bottom face surface of the second disc member is formed with a ground traction surface configuration.

14. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 13 in which the outer peripheral edge of the second disc member is tapered with the diameter of the second disc member decreasing relative to a direction going from the top face surface to the bottom face surface thereof.

15. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 in which the window in the first disc member is generally arcuate shaped.

16. A combination ball marker and stroke indicator device according to claim 2 in which the window in the first disc member is generally circular shaped.